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Remarks:

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- (54) Inducible promoter and secretion signal for use in schizosaccharomyces pombe, expression vector containing them and their use
- (57) The present invention relates to an inducible promoter gene for use in the fission yeast <u>Schizosaccharomyces</u> pombe, an inducible expression vector containing the inducible promoter gene, <u>Schizosaccharomyces</u> pombe transformed with the inducible expression vector and a process for producing a heterologous protein by using the <u>Schizosaccharomyces</u> pombe transformant.

The present invention also relates to a secretion signal gene for use in Schizosaccharomyces pombe, an expression vector containing the secretion signal, Schizosaccharomyces pombe transformed with the expression vector and a process for producing a heterologous protein by using the Schizosaccharomyces pombe transformant. These inducible promoter gene and secretion signal gene are originated from the S. pombe gene involved in expression of the invertase precursor.

The inducible promoter gene is originated from the region responsible for the catabolite repression of the

invertase precursor. When a <u>Schizosaccharomyces</u> pombe transformant carrying the inducible expression vector is incubated, the timing of the production of the desired heterologous protein can be controlled by regulating the expression of the heterologous protein structural gene depending on the presence or absence of a specific nutrient (especially glucose).

The secretion signal gene encodes the secretion signal for the invertase precursor. When a Schizosaccharomyces pombe transformant carrying an expression vector containing the secretion signal gene is incubated, a heterologous protein fused with the secretion signal is synthesized as a precursory protein in the cell, and after intracellular separation of the secretion signal, the heterologous protein is secreted from the cell. Therefore, it is possible to obtain the desired protein from the cell culture, and the desired heterologous protein can be purified easily.

Description

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[0001] The present invention relates to an inducible promoter gene and secretion signal gene for use in the fission yeast Schizosaccharomyces pombe (hereinafter referred to as S. pombe), an expression vector containing them and a process for producing a protein using them. In particular, it relates to a process for producing a desired protein wherein the S. pombe invertase promoter is used to make it possible to control the timing of the protein production by the presence or absence of a specific nutrient through regulated gene expression, and a process for secretory production of a desired protein by using the secretion signal gene for the S. pombe invertase precursor.

[0002] S. pombe, despite being a eukaryote, has been studied extensively for its high versatility in genetics, molecular biology and cellular biology as a unicellular organism (Nasim A. et al. eds., Molecular biology of the fission yeast, Academic Press, 1989). In its cultures, monosaccharides such as glucose and fructose are used as the main carbon sources. It is known that in a culture medium lacking these monosaccharides, expression of invertase, the enzyme that degrades sucrose into glucose and fructose, is induced to secure the carbon source necessary for its growth (Moreno S. et al., Arch Microbial. 142, 370, 1985).

[0003] S. pombe invertase is located on the cell surface and is a high-molecular weight glycoprotein with a molecular weight of about 205000, 67% of which is attributed to sugar chains composed of equimolar amounts of mannose and galactose residues. Molecular weight and amino acid studies of the protein molety of the pure enzyme and experiments using antibodies have shown high similarlity between S. pombe invertase and the invertase from the budding yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae from the viewpoint of protein chemistry (Moreno S. et al., Biochem. J. 267, 697, 1990). It is also known that a drop in glucose concentration de-represses synthesis of invertase (Mitchinson J. et al., Cell Sci 5. 373, 1969).

[0004] Induced invertase synthesis (de-repression) is also observed in <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u>. Previous detailed studies on genetic regulation of invertase expression, the biosynthetic pathway and the structure of the sugar chain mole; have shown that Saccharomyces cerevisiae invertase is encoded by six overlapping genes, SUC1 to SUC5 and SUC7, on one chromosome and that activation of at least one of these SUC genes leads to utilization of sucrose and raffinose (Hohmann S. et al., Curr Genet 11, 217, 1986).

[0005] In contrast, with respect to <u>S. pombe</u>, although purification of the invertase protein has been reported (Moreno S et al. 1985), no invertase genes had been identified until the present inventors and coworkers recently reported two overlapping invertase genes inv0+ and inv1+ in <u>S. pombe</u>. Because inv0+ is likely a pseudogene having an imcomplete open reading frame, inv1+ is the only one gene encoding <u>S. pombe</u> invertase, which is supposed to confer the ability to grow on sucrose even in the absence of other carbon sources ("Kobogaku" edited by Yositaka Hashitani, Iwanam Shoten, 1967).

[0006] Analysis of the promoter region of the isolated gene suggested that a specific sequence between the 1st and 62nd base pairs is involved in catabolite repression.

[0007] In Saccharomyces cerevisiae, the SUC2 gene is transcribed into two messenger RNAs (mRNAs) from different transcription initiation sites. The shorter one is a constitutive mRNA encoding the intracellular invertase, while the longer one is a mRNA encoding the catabolite-repressible secretory invertase with a de-repression ratio of not less than 200 (Carlson M. et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 3, 439, 1983). Analysis of the promoter region for the longer mRNA suggested that the transcription initiation factor binds to a specific repeated sequence between positions -650 and -418 (Salokin L et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 6, 2314, 1986). The region between positions -418 and -140 has been shown to be necessary for glucose repression.

[0008] These regions in the SUC2 gene showed no significant homology with the inv1+ upstream region between positions 1 and 2809. However, multiple copies of a so-called 7-bp motif with the sequence (A/C) (A/G)GAAAT, which is repeated at five sites in the region indispensable for glucose derepression, have been found in the inv1+ upstream region. Further, while palindrome stem-loops have been identified at almost the same positions in the upstream regions of glucose-repressible genes (SUC, MAL and GAL), palindrome sequences have also been found in the upstream region of the inv1+ gene from S. pombe. These sequences are anticipated to play an important role in glucose repression in S. pombe.

[0009] The yeast <u>S. pombe</u> is phylogenetically different from <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u>. It is quite different from other yeasts in the chromosome structure and various mechanisms for genome replication, RNA splicing, transcription and posttranslational modification, and rather resembles animal cells in some of these aspects. For this reason, <u>S. pombo</u> is widely used as a eukaryotic model (Giga-Hama and Kumagai, eds., Foreign gene expression in fission yeast Schizosaccharomyces pombe, Springer-Verlag, 1997).

[0010] S. pombe is also widely used as a host for expression of heterologous protein genes and known to be suited especially for expression of genes from animals including human (JP-A-5-15380 and JP-A-7-163373). For its advanced membrane structures including the Goldi body and the endoplasmic reticulum, S. pombe is also used for expression of membrane proteins and shows high level expression. For S. pombe, constitutive expression vectors (pEVP11, pART1 and pTL2M) and an inducible expression vector using the promoter region of the nmt1+ gene (pREP1) are usually

used as expression vectors. No <u>S. pombe</u> expression vectors of the GAL type or the SUC type have been known though these types of vectors are commonly used for <u>Saccharomyces</u> cerevisiae.

[0011] The expression of the SUC2 gene from Saccharomyces cerevisiae in S. pombe has been shown to be constitutive, not catabolite repressible, though the expression product contains galactose residues conferred by the host (Zarate, V. et al., J Applied Bacteriology, 80, 45, 1996), suggesting differences between S. pombe and Saccharomyces cerevisiae in the mechanism for catabolite repression of invertase. The differences are of great significance because the promoter from Saccharomyces cerevisiae usually used by those skilled in the art for construction of inducible expression vectors of the invertase type (the SUC2 type) is not applicable to S. pombe vectors. Therefore, development of S. pombe vectors of this type has been long delayed.

[0012] On the other hand, the present inventors constructed an expression vector using the secretion signal gene encoding the secretion signal in the precursor of a <u>S. pombe</u> mating pheromone (WO96/23890). However, this secretion signal gene is not an all-purpose secretion signal gene, and other secretion signal genes that function in <u>S. pombe</u> are desired for production of some types of protein.

[0013] As a result of their extensive research with a view to solving the above problems, the present inventors have accomplished the present invention by preparing a new clone of the <u>S. pombe</u> invertase gene and constructing an inducible expression vector. They have also found that the N-terminal 22 amino acid sequence in the amino acid of the invertase precursor functions as a secretion signal. On the basis of these findings, they have constructed an expression vector using the secretion signal gene and established secretory production of desired proteins.

[0014] The present invention relates to a region in the invertase gene from <u>S. pombe</u>, which is involved in catabolite repression, an inducible expression vector using the region and a system using it for heterologous gene expression and provides:

- a DNA in an invertase gene from <u>Schizosaccharomyces pombe</u>, which is located in a region involved in catabolite repression,
- a DNA having the base sequence of bases 1 to 2809 in SEQ ID NO: 1 in the Sequence Listing,
- a recombinant vector containing the sequence of the DNA, a multicloning vector containing the sequence of the DNA and a multicloning site,
- a multicloning vector having the structure shown in Figure 9,
- an expression vector for transformation of <u>Schizosaccharomyces pombe</u> containing the sequence of the DNA and a heterologous protein structural gene,
- a transformant from Schizosaccharomyces pombe containing the expression vector, and
- a process for producing a protein which comprises incubating the transformant and recovering an expressed heterologous protein.
- [0015] Firstly, the present inventors cloned and sequenced a S. pombe invertase gene, which had not been genetically identified. Then, they demonstrated by gene disruption analysis that the invertase gene is responsible for the overall invertase activity. Further, they identified the region involved in catabolite repression and constructed an inducible expression vector using the region. They actually constructed a recombinant vector carrying the gene of a green fluorescent protein, transformed S. pombe with the vector and confirmed the expression of the protein by assay of invertase activity and immunological analysis. They also demonstrated repression of the heterologous gene expression in the presence of glucose in the culture medium and derepression by exhaustion of glucose.

[0016] The present inventors used the following procedure to identify and characterize the gene of the <u>S. pombe</u> invertase precursor:

- (1) PCR using a cDNA library from <u>S. pombe</u> as a template and primers based on conserved amino acid sequences in invertase genes from many other organisms;
- (2) screening of a genomic library from <u>S. pombe</u> by plaque hybridization using the PCR product as a probe for positive clones;
- (3) confirmation of the positive clones by restriction digestion followed by electrophoresis;
- (4) Southern hybridization analysis and total sequencing of a fragment with a specific length in the positive clones;
- (5) gene disruption analysis of invertase activity;
- (6) investigation of the optimum pH for expression of the invertase gene from <u>S. pombe</u> and the effects of the glucose concentration on glucose repression and derepression; and
- (7) identification of a region indispensable for glucose repression through subcloning of the related upstream region.

[0017] Also, the present inventors constructed a <u>S. pombe</u> invertase inducible expression vector by the following procedure and actually demonstrated inducible expression of a green fluorescent protein:

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- (1) construction of an inducible multicloning expression vector pRI0M containing an invertase promoter by modifying a <u>S. pombe</u> multicloning vector, pTL2M (JP-A-7-163373);
- (2) construction of an inducible expression vector pRI0EGFP for expression of a green fluorescent protein variant from the inducible multicloning vector pRIOM;
- (3) transformation of a wild-type <u>S. pombe</u> strain with the inducible expression vector, pRI0EGFP, for expression of the green fluorescent protein variant;
- (4) demonstration of the expression of the green fluorescent protein variant by activity (fluorescence) analysis and SDS-PAGE-western blotting; and
- (5) establishment of the conditions for the inducible expression on the basis of the dependence of the expression level on the glucose concentration in the culture medium.

[0018] SEQ ID NO: 1 in the Sequence Listing is the base sequence of the gene of the invertase precursor, which contains a region involved in catabolite repression. The region involved in catabolite repression is the DNA sequence between positions 1 to 2809 or within the DNA sequence. In the DNA sequence between positions 1 and 2809, the region extending from position 1 to position 620 and the region extending from position 1610 to position 2610 are especially important, as is evident from the results of the analysis in Example 6 shown in Figure 8 (position 2810 in SEQ ID NO: 1 corresponds to position 1 in Figure 8). This means that the inducible promoter in the present invention is not restricted to a DNA having the base sequence from position 1 to position 2809 so long as it contains these genes involved in catabolite repression and functions as an inducible promoter. Still, a DNA having a base sequence from position 1 to position 2809 is preferred as an inducible promoter because it actually functions in S. pombe.

[0019] The above-mentioned DNA which contains genes involved in catabolite repression and function as an inducible promoter, preferably having the base sequence from position 1 to position 2809, is hereinafter referred to as the inducible promoter gene. The inducible promoter gene can be integrated with a vector for construction of recombinant vectors such as multicloning vectors and expression vectors. A multicloning vector is a vector having a multicloning site and provides an expression vector through introduction of a desired structural gene into the multicloning site. An expression vector is a vector containing a structural gene and used for expression of a structural gene encoding a heterologous protein. A "heterologous" protein is a protein which is not inherent in the host. For example, when the host is S. pombe, a heterologous protein is a protein which is not inherent in S. pombe (such as a human protein).

[0020] In the expression vector, the inducible promoter gene is located upstream from the heterologous protein structural gene and regulates expression of the structural gene. The inducible promoter gene in the expression vector regulates the expression of the heterologous protein structural gene downstream, like the inducible promoter gene, located upstream in the base sequence represented by SEQ ID NO: 1 regulates the expression of the structural gene of the invertase precursor. In the multicloning vector, the inducible promoter gene is located upstream from the multicloning site into which a heterologous protein structural gene is to be introduced.

[0021] One example of the multicloning vector of the present invention is the multicloning vector pRI0M constructed in Example 7 and has the structure shown in Figure 9. The entire base sequence of pRI0M is SEQ ID NO: 2. Inv1-P is the above-mentioned inducible promoter gene, and MCS is the multicloning site. One example of the expression vector of the present invention is the inducible expression vector pRI0EGFP for expression of a green fluorescent protein variant constructed in Example 8 by introducing the structural gene (EGFP-ORF) of a green fluorescent protein variant and has the structure shown in Figure 10. The entire base sequence of the expression vector pRI0EGFP is SEQ ID NO: 13.

[0022] The most suitable cell (host) to transform with the expression vector of the present invention is <u>S. pombe</u> because the inducible promoter gene in the present invention is an inducible promoter gene from <u>S. pombe</u>.

[0023] Under catabolite repressing conditions (for example, in a culture medium containing a high level of glucose), S. pombe transformed with the expression vector of the present invention grows with no (or low) expression of the heterologous protein. Growth at this stage without the burden of heterologous protein expression is more efficient than growth under the burden. Subsequent incubation under catabolite derepressing conditions (for example, in a culture medium containing no or a low level of glucose) invites the increased number of S. pombe cells to high level expression of the heterologous protein, though growth of S. pombe is less efficient than under catabolite repressing conditions. Thus, controlled transition between growth of S. pombe and heterologous protein expression through catabolite repression allows more efficient production of a heterologous protein.

[0024] Catabolite repression can be controlled not only in an active way as described above but also in a passive way. For example, when a S. pombe transformant is incubated in a culture medium containing a given amount of glucose, the S. pombe grows under catabolite repressing conditions containing a high level of glucose in the initial stage, but later on production of a heterologous protein predominates due to catabolite derepression as glucose is exhausted. This way, more efficient heterologous protein production of than ever is possible without active control of the glucose level.

[0025] In addition to the above-mentioned total sequencing of the invertase precursor gene from S. pombe, the

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present inventors determined the complete amino acid sequence of the invertase precursor (the amino acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 1). Then, they have found that the first 22 amino acid peptide in the amino acid sequence of the invertase precursor (Met Phe Leu Lys Tyr IIe Leu Ala Ser Gly IIe Cys Leu Val Ser Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Asn Ala) acts as a secretion signal. Hereinafter, the peptide is referred to as the secretion signal.

[0026] It is expected that a desired heterologous protein produced in transformed <u>S. pombe</u> cells as a protein fusion having the secretion signal at the N-terminal is secreted from the cells after intracellular processing which splits the protein fusion into the secretion signal and the heterologous protein. The present inventors constructed an expression vector carrying a heterologous protein structural gene (specifically, human interleukin 6-a'c1 variant) fused with a DNA encoding the secretion signal (namely, a structural gene of a protein fusion as mentioned above) and demonstrated secretion of the heterologous protein from S. pombe cells transformed with the expression vector.

[0027] The present invention provides the secretion signal, a DNA encoding the secretion signal (hereinafter referred to as a secretion signal gene), a recombinant vector carrying the secretion signal gene, a multicloning vector carrying the secretion signal gene, an expression vector carrying the secretion signal gene and a heterologous protein structural gene for transformation of <u>S. pombe</u>, a <u>S. pombe</u> transformant carrying the expression vector and a process for producing a protein which comprises incubating the transformant and recovering the expressed heterologous protein.

[0028] The secretion signal gene is not restricted to the 66-bp sequence extending from position 2810 to position 2875 in SEQ ID NO: 1 and may be a DNA having a different base sequence encoding the amino acid sequence of the secretion signal. In the expression vector, the secretion signal and the heterologous protein structural gene is preferably linked directly. But they may be linked via another DNA sequence, for example, extending from position 2876 in SEQ ID NO: 1. In this case, the protein product has extra amino acid residues at the N-terminal of the heterologous protein but can be converted into the desired heterologous protein by trimming off the N-terminal extra amino acid residues. However, the disadvantage from the presence of these extra amino acid residues usually becomes more serious for the desired protein as the number of extra amino acid residues increases. Therefore, as the intervening DNA between the secretion signal gene and the heterologous protein structural gene, a short DNA encoding at most 10 amino acid residues is preferable. Particular preferably, the secretion signal gene and the heterologous protein structural gene are linked directly.

[0029] Construction of an expression vector carrying the secretion signal gene using a multicloning vector can be attained by inserting a heterologous protein structural gene fused with the secretion signal gene into the multicloning site of a multicloning vector or by inserting a heterologous protein structural gene into the multicloning site of a multicloning vector carrying the secretion signal gene. The latter method tends to restrict the structure of the multicloning site because the secretion signal gene is preferred to be located immediately in front of the multicloning site as described above. Therefore, the former method is preferred for construction of an expression vector. As a <u>S. pombe</u> multicloning vector, for example, pTL2M, which is disclosed in JP-A-163373, is preferable.

[0030] According to the present invention, an expression vector can be constructed by using both the inducible promoter gene and the secretion signal gene. For example, an expression vector which contains the DNA sequence of from position 1 to position 2875 in SEQ ID No: 1 and a heterologous protein structural gene introduced downstream of the DNA sequence can be constructed. Such an expression vector enables catabolite repressible secretory production of a heterologous protein by the host cell. A similar expression vector can be constructed by using a known secretion signal gene (such as the secretion signal gene disclosed in WO96/23890) instead of the above-mentioned secretion signal gene.

[0031] Figure 1 shows a comparison of (partial) amino acid sequences deduced from inv1+, the Schwanniomyces occidentalis invertase gene and the fission yeast SUC2 gene. Figure 2 is the restriction map of the inv1+ gene. Figure 3 electrophoretically shows disruption of the inv1+ gene. Figure 4(a) is a photograph of colony gel overlay assay of invertase activity (for phenotype characterization) as a substitute for a drawing. Figure 4(b) is a schematic explanation of experimental design of the invertase activity assay shown in Figure 4(a). Figure 5(a) is a photograph of colony gel overlay assay of invertase activity (for phenotype characterization) as a substitute for a drawing. Figure 5(b) is a schematic explanation of experimental design of the invertase activity assay shown in Figure 5(a).

[0032] Figure 6 graphically shows the relation between the invertase activity and the glucose concentration. Figure 7 graphically shows the relation between the invertase activity and the glucose concentration. Figure 8 shows the results of analysis of invertase promoters. Figure 9 show the structure of an inducible expression vector pRIOM. Figure 10 shows the structure of an inducible expression vector pRIOEGFP for expression of a green fluorescent protein.

[0033] Figures 11(a) and 11(b) demonstrate the expression of a green fluorescent protein. Figures 12(a) and 12(b) graphically show the relation between the incubation time and the expression level of the green fluorescent protein. Figures 13(a) and 13(b) graphically show the relation between the incubation time and the expression level of the green fluorescent protein. Figures 14(a) and 14(b) show the relation between the incubation time and the expression level of the green fluorescent protein. Figure 15 is a SDS-PAGE pattern obtained in analysis of the expression of interleukin 6a'c1 variant. Figure 16 is the western blot pattern of the expressed interleukin variant.

[0034] Now, the present invention will be described in further detail with reference to specific Examples.

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EXAMPLE 1

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Isolation of S. pombe invertase gene

[0035] PCR using a <u>S. pombe</u> cDNA library as the template and primers designed on the basis of conserved sequences in invertase genes from other organisms shown in SEQ ID NOS: 3 to 5, gave amplification products of about 300bp and about 400bp. Each PCR product was purified by using EASY TRAP (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.) and sequenced after ligation into a vector by using pMOS Blue T vector kit (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech K.K.). The deduced amino acid sequence indicated that part of the 400-bp PCR product has significant homology with the SUC2 gene from Saccharomyces cerevisiae.

[0036] Screening of a genomic library of S. pombe for the entire invertase gene by plaque hybridization using the 400-bp PCR product as a probe picked up 15 positive clones from about 8,000 plaques. Secondary screening of the positive clones by plaque hybridization left four positive clones. Treatment of small amounts of phage DNA extracts from the positive clones with various restriction enzymes gave identical cleavage patterns, and thus revealed that all the clones were identical.

[0037] The entire invertase gene was isolated by the following two-step procedure. A 3.0-kb HindIII fragment was isolated from the hybrid-forming clones and ligated into a plasmid pBluescript II SK- (Toyobo Co., Ltd.). Restriction mapping identified BamHI and Sall sites. Subcloning of the fragment using these restriction enzymes and subsequent sequencing using a deletion technique revealed that the HindIII fragment contains the complete ORF of the gene but contains only about 200 bp within the upstream region, which is supposedly involved in the gene expression. Therefore, separately, a 3.5-kb BamHI fragment from the hybrid-forming clones was further digested with HindIII to give a 2.6-kb fragment. Subcloning of the 2.6-kb fragment in plasmid pBluescript II SK-, and subsequent sequencing using a deletion technique revealed that the BamHi-HindIII fragment contained a sequence within the upstream region supposedly involved in the gene expression. The resulting complete 5.6-kb gene was designated as inv1+. The base sequence of inv1+ and the amino acid sequence encoded by its ORF are shown in SEQ ID NO: 1. A plasmid carrying the complete gene was designated as pINV3000.

[0038] These results suggest that the inv1+ product has 16 asparagine-linked glycosylation sites. Figure 1 shows a comparison of the amino acid sequence deduced from the base sequence of the inv1+ gene from <u>S. pombe</u>, the amino acid sequence of <u>Schwanniomyces occidentalis</u> invertase and the amino acid sequence deduced from the base sequence of the SUC2 gene from <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u>. Amino acids that are common to the three are marked with *. Figure 1 clearly shows the amino acid sequence deduced from the inv1+ base sequence has significant homology with invertases from other origins such as <u>Schwanniomyces occidentalis</u> and <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u>, which suggests the inv1+ encodes invertase.

35 EXAMPLE 2

Disruption of the inv1+ gene

[0039] The HindIII site in plasmid pBluescript II SK- having a S. pombe ura4+ gene insert at the Clal site was disrupted by HindIII digestion followed by blunting and self-ligation (self-cyclizaion). Double restriction digestion of the plasmid with Xbal and HincII gave a ura4+ fragment. The plasmid pBluescript was integrated with the ura4+ fragment after restriction digestion with Spel and subsequent blunting and Xbal digestion, to provide a plasmid having BamHI sites on both sides of ura4+. The BamHI site in plasmid pBluescript II SK- was disrupted similarly by restriction digestion followed by blunting and self-ligation, and the 3.0-kb fragment containing the inv1+ ORF was inserted at the HindIII site. BamHI digestion of the plasmide eliminated a 1.4-kb fragment (containing part of the inv1+ ORF encoding the Cterminal of invertase) from the 3.0-kb insert, and a ura4+ cassette having BamHI sites at both ends was inserted. HindIII digestion of the resulting plasmid gave a DNA fragment having inv1+ neighboring regions at both ends (Figure 2). The restriction map of the inv1+ gene is shown in Figure 2, wherein the open reading frame (ORF) is indicated by the arrow (inv1+ORF) and the ura4+ replacement from Schizosaccharomyces pombe is boxed (ura4+). The disruption mutant strain had an inv1 + fragment carrying the S. pombe ura4+ gene instead of the 1.4-kb inv1+ BamHI-BamHI fragment partly containing the ORF. The inv1+ fragment was used to transform a wild-type S. pombe strain, TP4-1D [h-, leu1, ura4, ade6-M216, his2, obtained from Dr. Takashi Toda (Imperial Cancer Research Foundation)], and viable colonies on a uracil-free culture medium were collected. Overlay assay of invertase activity revealed that 7 out of 28 strains, namely 25% of the ura4+ colonies, lacked invertase activity.

[0040] Further, to verify the chromosomal inv1+ gene disruption, genomic DNA from a strain lacking invertase activity was analyzed after double restriction digestion with HindlII and Sall by Southern hybridization using the inv1+ HindlII-Sall fragment (2 kb) as the probe. The 3-kb hybridized fragment, which was not digested with Sall, shown in Figure 3 demonstrates that part of the inv1+ gene in the chromosomal DNA had been replaced with the ura4+ gene in the

strain which lacked invertase activity.

[0041] Thus, the inv1± gene proved to be the only one invertase gene expressed in S: pombe.--

EXAMPLE 3

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Restoration of invertase activity by the inv1+ gene

[0042] The 3.0-kb HindIII fragment containing the entire inv1+ ORF from the invertase gene was inserted into S. pombe vector pAU-SK (obtained from Dr. Chikashi Shimoda, Department of Science, Osaka City University), and the resulting recombinant vector was used to transform the invertase-defective strains (Example 2). The resulting transformants were streaked on YP sucrose plates (supplemented with 10 µg/mℓ antimycin A and 20 µg/mℓ bromocresol purple) for overlay assay of invertase activity. Further, the 2.6-kb inv1+ BamHI-HindIII fragment containing the upstream promoter region and the 2.0-kb HindIII-Sall fragment from the invertase gene containing the ORF were legated, and the resulting 4.6-kb BamHI-Sall fragment was inserted into pAU-SK. Transformation of the resulting recombinant vector into the invertase-defective strain was followed by similar overlay assay of invertase activity.

[0043] Both transformants (inv1 Δ [pAU-SK::inv1+]) and the wild-type strain TP4-1D (WT) developed blue stains, which indicate invertase production, unlike the inv1+ disruption mutant strain (inv1 Δ). The addition of the upstream promoter region resulted in stronger stains, which suggest high-level invertase expression (Figure 4(a) and 4(b)). Figure 4(a) is a photograph showing the results of the gel overlay assays, and Figure 4(b) is a schematic explanation of the stained sections shown in Figure 4(a).

[0044] The invertase-defective strain were hardly viable on YP sucrose plates (supplemented with 10 μ g/m ℓ antimycin) whereas the wild-type strain and the transformants were recognizably viable after 5 days incubation at 30°C (Figure 5(a) and (b)). Figure 5(a) is a photograph showing the results of characterization by colony formation, and Figure 5(b) schematically explains the characterization shown in Figure 5(a).

[0045] These results demonstrate that the inv1+ gene expression product is the invertase located on the cell surface.

EXAMPLE 4

Determination of glucose concentration for gene repression

[0046] For determination of the critical glucose concentration for catabolite repression of the invertase gene, the wild-type strain TP4-1D was incubated at 30°C in 5 m ℓ of MM medium containing 2%, 4%, 8% and 16% glucose with shaking to the mid-logarithmic growth phase. Invertase assays were done by the method of Goldstein et al., and the post-incubational glucose concentrations in the medium were determined by the phenol-sulfate method (Figure 6). The hatched bars indicate invertase activity per cell (U/OD), and the empty bars indicate the residual glucose concentration. Judging from the graph, a glucose concentration of 8% is the optimum for glucose repressing incubation, because when the glucose concentration was 8%, the invertase activity was sufficiently repressed with little decrease of glucose.

40 EXAMPLE 5

Determination of glucose concentration for induced invertase production

[0047] For determination of the most effective glucose concentration for induced invertase production, the wild-type strain TP4-1D and a transformant [obtained by transforming the invertase-defective strain (Example 3) with a pAU-SK vector carrying the inv1+ BamHI-SalI fragment] were preincubated in a medium containing 2% glucose to the midlogarithmic growth phase and incubated in an MM medium containing 0%, 0.01%, 0.05%, 0.1%, 0.25%, 0.5%, 1.0% and 2% glucose with shaking at 27°C for 3 hours, and the invertase activity was assayed (Figure 7). Each run of assay was carried out at 30°C over 180 minutes. 1U of invertase converts 1 nmol of sucrose into glucose per 1 minute at 30°C, pH 4.0.

[0048] The optimum glucose concentration for induction was found to be 0.1% for the wild-type strain and 0.05% for the transformant. The invertase activity in the wild-type strain was 40 times higher under derepressing conditions than under repressing conditions. These results demonstrate catabolite repression in <u>S. pombe</u>.

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EXAMPLE 6

Analysis of the inv1+ promoter region

[0049] Fragments obtained ligating S. pombe inv1+ upstream sequences extending from positions 1, 620, 1100, 1610 and 2610, respectively, and the inv1+ ORF were inserted into expression vector pAU-SK to obtain 5 plasmids for deletion studies. The plasmids containing the upstream sequences extending from positions 1, 1610 and 2610 carry the inv1+ BamHI-Sall, SacI-Sall and HindIII-Sall fragments, respectively. The plasmids containing the inv1+ upstream sequences extending from positions 620 and 1100 were constructed by site specific introduction of a Spel site into pAU-SK::inv1+ (BamHI-Sall) using primers shown in SEQ ID NOS: 6 and 7, respectively, followed by partial removal of the upstream region by Spel treatment.

[0050] The plasmids thus obtained were used to transform the invertase-defective strain (Example 3). Invertase assays were done to determine the enzyme activity in each transformant (Fig. 8). The results suggest that the sequence between position 1 and position 620 is essential for glucose repression. The region between position 1620 and position 2610 was identified as essential for high-level glucose derepression of invertase.

EXAMPLE 7

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Construction of inducible multicloning expression vector pRIOM carrying the invertase promoter

[0051] PCR amplification using the plasmid pINV3000 (Example 1) carrying the invertase gene from <u>S. pombe</u> as the template and oligo DNAs shown in SEQ ID NOS: 8 and 9 as the primers was performed to give a sequence which contains the promoter region for the invertase gene and has restriction enzyme recognition sequences at both ends. After terminal double restriction digestion with Spel (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.) and EcoRI (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.), the sequence was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis. Purification of the band of about 3000 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave an insert fragment.

[0052] The <u>S. pombe</u> multicloning vector pTL2M (JP-A-7-163373) was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis after terminal double restriction digestion with Spel and Ecol. Purification of the band of about 4500 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a vector fragment.

[0053] The two fragments were ligated with a DNA ligation kit (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.) and transformed into E. coli strain DH (Toyobo Co., Ltd.). E. coli colonies were screened for the inducible expression vector pRI01M shown in Figure 9 and SEQ ID NO: 2 in the Sequence Listing through base sequencing and restriction mapping, and the inducible expression vector was recovered by the alkali-SDS method on a preparatory scale.

35 EXAMPLE 8

Construction of inducible expression vector pRI0EGFP for expression of green fluorescent protein

[0054] PCR amplification using the plasmid pINV3000 (Example 1) carrying the invertase gene from S. pombe as the template and oligo DNAs shown in SEQ ID NOS: 8 and 10 as the primers was performed to give a sequence which contains the promoter region for the invertase gene and has restriction enzyme recognition sequences at both ends. After terminal double restriction digestion with Spel and Nhel (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.), the sequence was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis. Purification of the band of about 3000 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a fragment for use as the promoter insert.

[0055] PCR using the plasmid pEGFP carrying the jellyfish (Aequorea victria) green fluorescent protein variant gene (Clontech) as the template and oligo DNAs shown in SEQ ID NOS: 11 and 12 in the Sequence Listing as the primers was performed to amplify the ORF in the green fluorescent protein variant gene. The PCR product was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis after terminal double restriction digestion with Nhel and HindIII. Purification of the band of about 700 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a fragment for use as the ORF insert.

[0056] The S. pombe multicloning vector pTL2M was cleaved by double restriction digestion with Spel and HindIII and then subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis. Purification of the band of about 4500 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a vector fragment.

[0057] The three fragments were ligated with a DNA ligation kit and transformed into E. coli strain DH5. E. coli colonies were screened for the inducible expression vector pRIOEGFP for expression of the green fluorescent protein variant shown in Figure 10 and SEQ ID NO: 13 in the Sequence Listing through base sequencing and restriction mapping, and the inducible expression vector was recovered by the alkali-SDS method on a preparatory scale.

EXAMPLE 9

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Preparation of S. pombe transformant ASP138

[0058] S. pombe wild-type strain ARC001 [leu1-32h (isogenic to ATCC38399)] was transformed with the inducible expression vector pRI0EGFP for expression of the green fluorescent protein variant and a transducing vector pAL7 as described by Okazaki et al. (Okazaki et al., "Nucleic Acids Res.", 18, 6485-6489, 1990).

[0059] 1 m ℓ of a preincubated ARC001 culture in YPD medium was incubated in minimum medium MB+Leu with shaking at 30°C for 14 hours to a cell density of 3×10^7 per 1 m ℓ , and the cells were collected, washed with water, suspended in 1 m ℓ of 0.1M lithium acetate (pH 5.0) and incubated at 30°C for 60 minutes. A 100 $\mu\ell$ portion of the suspension was mixed with 4 μ g of the inducible expression vector pRI0EGFP and 0.5 μ g of PstI-digested pAL7 in 15 $\mu\ell$ TE and further with 290 $\mu\ell$ of 50% PEG 4000 thoroughly and incubated at 30°C for 60 minutes, at 43°C for 15 minutes and at room temperature for 10 minutes, successively. After centrifugal removal of PEG, the cells were suspended in 1 m ℓ of 1/2 YEL+Leu medium. After 10-fold dilution, 1 m ℓ of the suspension was incubated at 32°C for 2 hours, and a 300 $\mu\ell$ portion was spread on minimum medium agar MMA. After 3 days of incubation at 32 °C, about 300 independent colonies had developed on the plate.

[0060] 10 colonies of the transformant were inoculated in 2 m ℓ of YEL medium containing 10 μ g/m ℓ antibiotic G418 (YEL10 medium) and incubated with shaking at 32°C. 2 days later, 6 clones were viable. In their subcultures, 4 clones were viable 3 days later. The putative desired transformant (ASP138 strain) was frozen in glycerol and stored for use in subsequent experiments.

EXAMPLE 10

Analysis of expression of green fluorescent protein variant

[0061] S. pombe transformant ASP138 (Example 9) was inoculated in YPD medium containing 100 μg/mℓ G418 (YPD100) and incubated at 32°C for 2 days. Green fluorescence was observed from each cell under a fluorescence microscope (excitation wavelength 490nm/emission wavelength 530nm). Green fluorescence emission was also observed upon ultraviolet irradiation from the centrifugally collected cells. Thus, expression of the desired green fluorescent protein in the active form was confirmed.

[0062] Strain ASP138 (Example 9) was incubated in 5 m ℓ YPD100 at 32°C for 3 days, collected, washed and suspended in 50mM tris-HC ℓ (pH 7.5), disrupted with glass beads in a mini bead beater (Biospec). After removal of the glass beads, the cell extract was heated in the presence of SDS (1%) at 80°C for 15 minutes. Separately, a negative control was extracted from the transformant carrying pR10M by the same procedure.

[0063] 50 µg protein from the extract was analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (Figure 11(a) and (b)). After Coomassie Brilliant Blue (CCB) staining, the extract and a recombinant green fluorescent protein (Clonetech) as the positive control showed major bands with a molecular weight of 25000, but the negative control did not. Further, 50 µg protein from the extract was analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis followed by western blotting on a PVDF membrane using an anti-green fluorescent protein antibody (Clonetech). The cell extract and the positive control showed major bands with a molecular weight of 25000, but the negative control did not. These results provide biological evidence of expression of the desired green fluorescent protein.

EXMAPLE 11

Optimization of the incubation method (1)

[0064] The transformed <u>S. pombe</u> strain ASP (Example 9) was incubated in YPD medium containing 100 μg/mℓ G418 (YPD100) at 32°C. The expression level of the green fluorescent protein in the cell culture was determined fluorometrically by means of a microplate reader (Corona Electric Co., Ltd.) equipped with a fluorescent attachment (excitation wavelength 490nm/ emission wavelength 530nm) (Figure 12(a) and (b)). OD, FLU/OD and time denote the cell density, the fluorescence intensity per cell and the incubation time, respectively. The results show that strain ASP138 did not express the green fluorescent protein variant until the late-growth phase after glucose exhaustion in the mid-growth phase, unlike strain ASP122 having a non-inducible cytomegalovirus promoter [a transformant carrying a recombination product of phGFPS65T (Clonetech) for expression of a green fluorescent protein variant of S65T prepared as disclosed in JP-A-7-163373], clearly due to repression of the inducible invertase promoter in the presence of glucose and subsequent derepression by glucose exhaustion, demonstrating the applicability of this mechanism to expression of the green fluorescent protein as a heterologous protein.

EXAMPLE 12

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Incubation of strain ASP138 (2)

[0065] The transformed S. pombe strain ASP138 (Example 9) was incubated in YPD medium containing 100 µg/mℓ G418 (glucose concentration 8%) at 32°C to the mid-growth phase, and after medium change, incubated in YPDG medium containing 100 µg/mℓ G418 (glucose concentration 0.1%, glycerol concentration 3%) (Figure 13(a) and (b)). OD, FLU/OD and time denote the cell density, the fluorescence intensity per cell and the incubation time, respectively. The results show that while the green fluorescent protein was not expressed in the cells incubated without medium change (Untreated), expression of the green fluorescent protein in the cells incubated with the medium change was activated by the medium change (Medium-changed) probably because the depletion of glucose in the medium provoked derepression of the invertase promoter and thereby induced the protein expression. The high level expression induced by the medium change to a low-glucose expression medium suggests that use of a growth medium (with a high glucose concentration) and an expression medium (with a low glucose concentration) can differentiate between cell growth and protein expression. It was demonstrated that the repression of the inducible invertase promoter in the presence of glucose and derepression by exhaustion of glucose could be utilized in expression of the green fluorescent protein as a heterologous protein.

EXAMPLE 13

Incubation of strain ASP138 (3)

[0066] The transformed S. pombe strain ASP138 (Example 9) was incubated in YPD medium containing 100 μg/mℓ G418 (glucose concentration 8%) at 32°C to the late-growth phase, and after medium change, incubated in YPDG medium containing 100 μg/mℓ G418 (glucose concentration 0.1%, glycerol concentration 3%) (Figure 14(a) and (b)). OD, FLU/OD and time denote the cell density, the fluorescence intensity per cell and the incubation time, respectively. The results show that while the green fluorescent protein was not expressed in the cells incubated without medium change (Untreated), expression of the green fluorescent protein in the cells incubated with the medium change was activated by the medium change (Medium-changed) probably because the depletion of glucose in the medium provoked derepression of the invertase promoter and thereby induced the protein expression. The high level expression induced by the medium change to a low-glucose expression medium from a high-glucose medium before glucose exhaustion suggests that use of a growth medium (with a high glucose concentration) and an expression medium (with a low glucose concentration) can differentiate between cell growth and protein expression. It was demonstrated that the repression of the inducible invertase promoter in the presence of glucose and derepression by exhaustion of glucose could be utilized in expression of the green fluorescent protein as a heterologous protein.

EXAMPLE 14

Construction of inducible lipocortin I expression vector pRI0LPI

[0067] PCR using plasmid pINV3000 (Example 1) carrying the <u>S. pombe</u> invertase gene as the template and oligo DNAs shown in SEQ ID NOS: 14 and 15 in the Sequence Listing as primers gave an amplification product containing the promoter region in the invertase gene and having restriction enzyme recognition sequences at both ends. After terminal double restriction digestion with Spel and EcoRI, the amplification product was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis. Purification of the band of about 3000 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a fragment for use as a promoter insert.

[0068] The expression vector pTL2L (JP-A-7-163373) carrying a human lipocortin I gene was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis after terminal double restriction digestion with EcoRI and HindIII. Purification of the band of about 1000 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a fragment for use as the OPF insert.

[0069] The <u>S. pombe</u> multicloning vector pTL2M (JP-A-7-163373) was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis after terminal double restriction digestion with Spel and HindIII. Purification of the band of about 4500 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a vector fragment.

[0070] The three fragments were ligated with a DNA ligation kit and transformed into E. coli strain DH5. E. coli colonies were screened for the inducible lipocortin I expression vector pRI0LPI through base sequencing and restriction mapping, and the vector was recovered by the alkali-SDS method on a preparatory scale.

EXAMPLE 15

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Preparation of fission yeast Schizosaccharomyces pombe transformant ASP139

[0071] A S. pombe wild-type strain ARC001 was transformed with the inducible lipocortin I expression vector pRI0LPI and a transducing vector pAL7 as described by Okazaki et al.

[0072] 1 m ℓ of a preincubated ARC001 culture in YPD medium was incubated in minimum medium MB+Leu with shaking at 30°C for 16 hours to a cell density of 1×10⁷ per 1 m ℓ , and the cells were collected, washed with water, suspended in 1 m ℓ of 0.1M lithium acetate (pH 5.0) and incubated at 30°C for 60 minutes. A 100 $\mu\ell$ portion of the suspension was mixed with 2 μ g of the recombinant vector pRI0LPI and 0.5 μ g of PstI-digested pAL7 in 15 $\mu\ell$ TE and further with 290 $\mu\ell$ of 50% PEG 4000 thoroughly and incubated at 30°C for 60 minutes, at 43°C for 15 minutes and at room temperature for 10 minutes, successively. After centrifugal removal of PEG, the cells were suspended in 1 m ℓ of 1/2 YEL+Leu medium. After 10-fold dilution, 1 m ℓ of the suspension was incubated at 32°C for 2 hours, and a 300 $\mu\ell$ portion was spread on minimum medium agar MMA. After 3 days of incubation at 32 °C, about 300 independent colonies had developed on the plate.

[0073] 10 colonies of the transformant were inoculated in 2 m ℓ of YEL medium containing 10 μ g/m ℓ antibiotic G418 (YEL10 medium) and incubated with shaking at 32°C. 2 days later, 2 clones were viable. All the subcultures of them were viable 3 days later. The putative desired transformant (ASP138 strain) was frozen in glycerol and stored for use in subsequent experiments.

EXAMPLE 16

Analysis of lipocortin I expression

[0074] S. pombe transformant ASP139 (Example 15) was incubated in YPD medium containing 100 μg/mℓ G418 (glucose concentration 8%) at 32°C to the stationary phase and collected as a non-inducible cell culture. Separately, ASP139 was incubated in the same medium at first to the mid-growth phase, then after medium change, incubated in YPDG medium containing 100 μg/mℓ G418 (glucose concentration 0.1%, glycerol concentration 3%) to the stationary phase and collected as an inducible cell culture. Both cell cultures were washed, suspended in 50mM tris-HCℓ (pH 7 5) and disrupted with glass beads in a mini bead beater. After removal of the glass beads, the cell extracts were heated in the presence of SDS (1%) at 80°C for 15 minutes.

[0075] 50 µg protein from each extract was separated by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and stained with Coomassic Brilliant Blue. The extract from the inducible cell culture showed a major band of a molecular weight of about 45000, which is the same as the deduced molecular weigh of the recombinant lipocortin I protein, but the extract from the non-inducible cell culture did not. More sensitive western analysis of band density showed that the band from the inducible cell culture extract was 10 times denser than the band from the non-inducible cell culture extract. The results show that while lipocortin I was not expressed in the cells incubated without medium change, the expression of lipocortin I in the cells incubated with the medium change was activated by the medium change probably because the depletion of glucose in the medium provoked derepression of the invertase promoter and thereby induced the protein expression. The high level expression induced by the medium change to a low-glucose expression medium from a high-glucose medium suggests that use of a growth medium (with a high glucose concentration) and an expression medium (with a low glucose concentration) can differentiate between cell growth and protein expression. It was demonstrated that the repression of the inducible invertase promoter in the presence of glucose and derepression by exhaustion of glucose could be utilized in expression of lipocortin I as a heterologous protein.

EXAMPLE 17

Construction of expression vector pTL2INV1 carrying invertase gene

[0076] PCR using plasmid pINV3000 (Example 1) carrying the <u>S. pombe</u> invertase gene as the template and oligo DNAs shown in SEQ ID NOS: 16 and 17 in the Sequence Listing as primers gave an amplification product containing the ORF in the invertase gene and having restriction enzyme recognition sequences at both ends. After terminal double restriction digestion with AfIIII (New England Biolab) and HindIII (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd), the amplification product was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis. Purification of the band of about 3000 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a fragment for use as an insert.

[0077] The <u>S. pombe</u> multicloning vector pTL2M (JP-A-7-163373) was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis after terminal double restriction digestion with Spel and Ecol. Purification of the band of about 4500 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a vector fragment.

[0078] The two fragments were ligated with a DNA ligation kit (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd) and transformed into E. coli strain DH5 (Toyobo Co., Ltd.). E. coli colonies were screened for the invertase gene expression vector pRI0LPI through base sequencing and restriction mapping, and the vector was recovered multiplied by the alkali-SDS method on a preparatory scale.

EXAMPLE 18

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Construction of secretory expression vector pSL2I06a'c1 using the signal sequence from the invertase gene

[0079] PCR using plasmid pINV3000 (Example 1) carrying the <u>S. pombe</u> invertase gene as the template and oligo DNAs shown in SEQ ID NOS: 18 and 19 in the Sequence Listing as primers gave an amplification product containing the ORF in the invertase gene and having restriction enzyme recognition sequences at both ends. After terminal double restriction digestion with Spel (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.) and EcoRI (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.), the amplification product was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis. Purification of the band of about 700 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.) gave a fragment for use as a signal insert.

[0080] PCR using plasmid pSL2P06a'c1 (WO96/23890) containing human iterleukin 6a'c1 variant cDNA as the template and oligo DNAs shown in SEQ ID NOS: 20 and 21 in the Sequence Listing as primers gave an amplification product containing the iterleukin 6a'c1 variant ORF. After terminal double restriction digestion with EcoRI and HindIII (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.), the amplification product was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis. Purification of the band of about 600 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.) gave a fragment for use as a gene insert.

[0081] The <u>S. pombe</u> multicloning vector pTL2M (JP-A-7-163373) was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis after terminal double restriction digestion with Spel and HindIII. Purification of the band of about 4500 bp by the glass beads method using EASY-TRAP gave a vector fragment.

[0082] The three fragments were ligated with a DNA ligation kit and transformed into the E. coli strain DH5 (Toyobo Co., Ltd.). E. coli colonies were screened for the IL-6a'c1 secretory expression vector pSL2l06a'c1 through base sequencing and restriction mapping, and the vector was recovered by the alkali-SDS method on a preparatory scale.

EXAMPLE 19

Preparation of S. pombe transformant ASP168

[0083] A leucine-requiring S. pombe strain ARC001 was transformed with the interleukin-6a'c1 variant secretory expression vector pSL2l06a'c1 (Example 18) and a transducing vector pAL7 as described by Okazaki et al.

[0084] 1 m ℓ of a preincubated ARC001 culture in YPD medium was incubated in 100 minimum medium MB+Leu with shaking at 30°C for 16 hours. The cells were collected, washed with water, suspended in 0.1M lithium acetate (pH 5.0) at a cell density of 10⁹ cells/m ℓ and incubated at 30°C for 60 minutes. A 100 $\mu\ell$ portion of the suspension was mixed with 2 μ g of the recombinant vector pSL2l06a'c1 and 1.0 μ g of PstI-digested pAL7 in 15 $\mu\ell$ TE and further with 290 $\mu\ell$ of 50% PEG 4000 thoroughly and incubated at 30°C for 60 minutes, at 43°C for 15 minutes and at room temperature for 10 minutes, successively. After centrifugal removal of PEG, the cells were suspended in 1 m ℓ of 1/2 YEL+Leu medium. After 10-fold dilution, 1 m ℓ of the suspension was incubated at 32°C for 2 hours, and a 300 $\mu\ell$ portion was spread on minimum medium agar MMA. After 3 days of incubation at 32°C, about 1000 independent colonies had developed on the plate.

[0085] The transformants (colonies) were inoculated in 2 m ℓ of YEL medium containing 10 μ g/m ℓ antibiotic G418 (YEL10 medium) and incubated with shaking at 32°C for 5 days. The viable clones of the putative desired transformant, designated as strain ASP168, were frozen in glycerol and stored for use in subsequent experiments.

EXAMPLE 20

Analysis of expressed secretory interleukin-6a'c1 variant in culture medium

[0086] A fission yeast Schizosaccharomyces pombe transformant ASP168 (Example 19) was incubated in MA-Casamino acid medium (MA medium containing 2% Casamino acid and 3% glucose; for the composition of MA medium, refer to "Alfa et al., Experiments with Fission Yeast, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1993") containing 500 µg/mℓ G418 at 32°C for 2 days.

[0087] The cell culture was centrifuged, and the supernatant was concentrated 100-fold through a membrane filter (Amicon Co., Ltd.). Analysis of the concentrated sample by SDS-polyacrylamide electrophoresis followed by Coomassie Brilliant Blue staining gave the SDS-PAGE pattern shown in Figure 15. Lane 1 is the purified interleukin-6a'c1

variant, lane 2 is the supernatant from the ASP168 cell culture, and lane 3 is the supernatant from a cell culture of the control strain ASP021 [transformant carrying a recombinant vector with no ORF prepared by recombination-of-pTL2M (JP-A-7-163373) by the method disclosed in JP-A-7-163373 without introduction of any gene to be expressed]. The band with a molecular weight of about 20000 in lane 3 seemed attributable to the interleukin-6a'c1 variant from the comparison of lanes 1 and 3.

[0088] Further analysis by western blotting using an anti-IL-6a'c1 gave the pattern shown in Figure 16. Lane 1 is the purified interleukin-6a'c1 variant, lane 2 is the supernatant from the ASP168 cell culture, and lane 3 is the supernatant from a cell culture of the control strain ASP021. The band with a molecular weight of about 20000 in lane 3 was identified as the interleukin-6a'c1 variant from the comparison of lanes 1 and 3.

5	SEQUENCE LISTING \$\\ \text{110} \text{ Asahi Glass Co Ltd.} \$\\ \text{<120} \text{ Inducible promoter gene and secretion signal gene functional i Schizosaccharomyces pombe, expression vector containing them and the \$\\ \text{<130} \text{ AB23(F9865)} \end{align*}	n ir use
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	caatttacct ccaaacagtt actaatgcaa ttgcaaaaaa aaaacctacc tattgaaica	300
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	<210> 21	
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35	<400> 21	20
	aaaat gattt aaagg ctata	

Claims

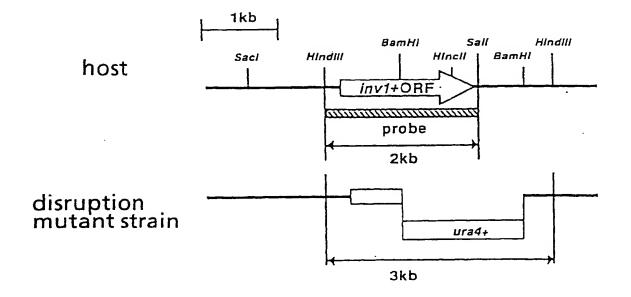
40

- A peptide having the amino acid sequence of Met Phe Leu Lys Tyr IIe Leu Ala Ser Gly IIe Cys Leu Val Ser Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Asn Ala.
- 2. A DNA encoding the peptide of claim 1.
- 3. A recombinant vector containing the sequence of the DNA according to claim 2.
- A multicloning vector containing the sequence of the DNA according to claim 2 and a multicloning site.
 - An expression vector containing the sequence of the DNA according to claim 2 and a heterologous protein structural gene.
- 6. A Schizosaccharomyces pombe transformant carrying the expression vector according to claim 5.
 - A process for producing a protein which comprises incubating the transformant according to claim 6 and recovering an expressed heterologous protein.

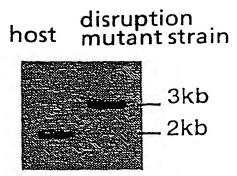
F I G . 1

```
S. pombe invi
                    31 : TTAPHGTCLGHYHEYLPSGYYNATDRPKIHFTPSSGFHHDPHGLVY--TG
  S. occidentalis
                     11 : PLTTTFFGIVASSSIDLSVDTSEYHRPLIHFTPEKGHMHDPHGTFYDKTA
  5. carevialee SUC2 3 : LQAFTFTLAGFAAKHSASHTHETSDRPLVHFTPHKGHMHDPHGLHIDEKD
  S. pombe invi
                    101 : GVYHHFFQYSPKTLTAGE-VHHGHTVSKOLIHHENYPIAIYPOEHEHGVL
  S. occidentalis
                     61 : KTHHLYFQYNPNATAHGQPLYHGHATSNDLVHWDEHEMAIGPEHDNEGIF
  5. cerevisiae SUC2 53 : AKHHTYFQYNPHDTVHGTPLFHGHATSDDLTHHEDQPIAIAPKRNDSG--
                             . .. ..
                                       * *** *
  S. pombe invi
                    151 : SLPFSGSAVVDVHN-----SSGLFSNDTI-PEERIVLIYTDHHTGVAERQ
  S. occidentalis
                    111 : ----SGSIVVDHNN-----TSGFF-NSSIDPNQRIVAITTNNMPDL-QTQ
  S. cerevisiae SUC2 103 : -- AFSGSHVVDYHH-----TSGFF-HDTIDPRQRCVAIHT-YHTPESEEQ
                             **** * ***
                                                     . . . . .
  S. pombe invi.
                    201 : AIAYTTDGGYTFKKYSGNPVLDINSLQFRDPKVHWDFDANRHVIIVAMSQ
                  161 : DIAFSLOGGYTFTRYENNPVIDVSSNOFRDPRVFHHERFKSHDHGCSEIA
  S. occidentalis
  5. cerevisiee SUC2 153 : YISYSTDGGYTFTEYQKHPVLAANSTQFRDPKVFHYEPEQKHIHTAARSQ
                          • • • • • •
                    251 1 NYGIAFYSSYDLINHTELSVFSTSGYLGLQYECPGHARVPVEGTDEYK-H
 S. pombe invi
 S. occidentalia
                    211 : RVXIQIFGSAHLKHWVLHSHTS-SGTYCHQTGHSRLIEVPICHSDKSK-H
S. Cerevisiae SUC2 201 : DYRIEIYSSDDLKSHKTESAFANEGFLGYQYECPGLIEVPTEQDPSKEYH
                                 • • •
                                        •
                                                • . • ••
 S. pombe 'Invi
                    301 : VLFISINPGAP-LGGSVVQYFVGDWNGTNFVPDDGQTRFVDLGKDFYA-6
 S. occidentalis
                  261 : VMFLAINPGSP-LGGSINQTFVGDFDGFQFVPDDSQTRFVDIGKDFYA-F
 5. corevisioo SUC2 253 : VHEISINPGAP-AGGSENQTEVGSENGTHEEAEDHQBRVVDEGKDYYALQ
                             5. pombe invi
                    351 : ALTHSSSANADVICVGHASHHQYTHQAPTQVF-RSAHTVARKFTLRDVPQ
S. occidentalis
                    311. : QTF--SEVERGVLGLAHASHHQYADQVPTHPH-RSSTSLARHYTLRYVMQ
 S. cerevisiae SUC2 303 : TFFNTDPTYG9ALGIAHASHHEY9AFVPTNPH-RSBMSLVRKFSLHTEYQ
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                                                  •
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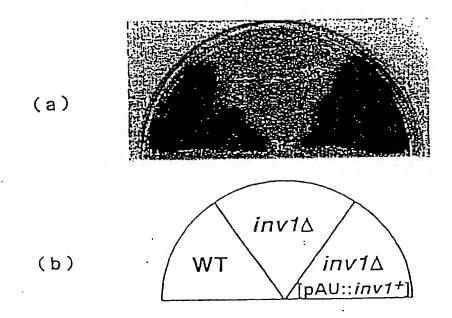
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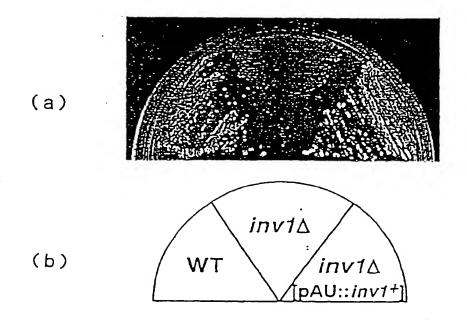
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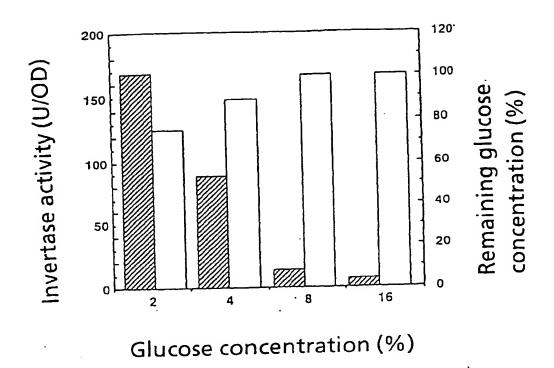
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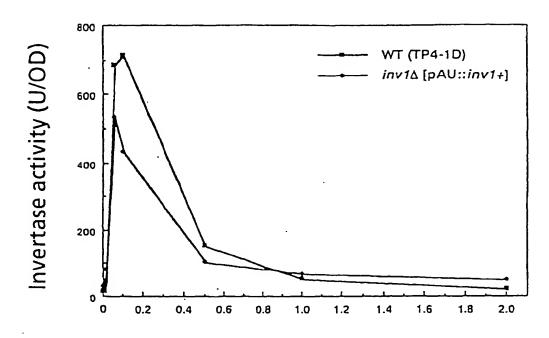


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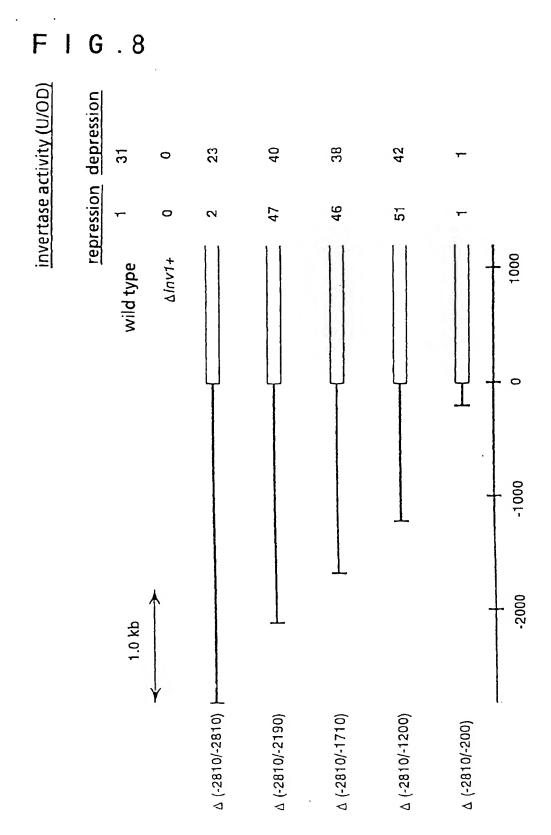


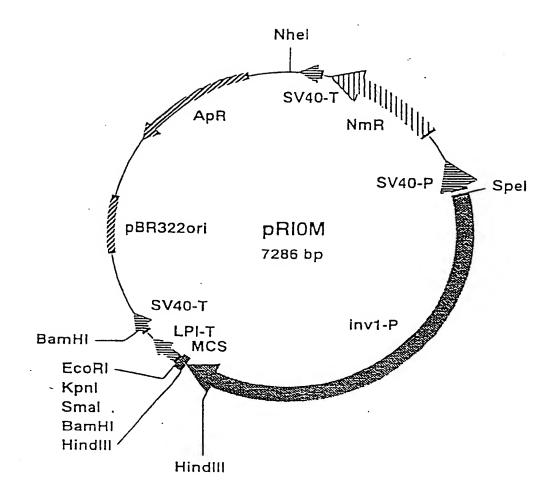
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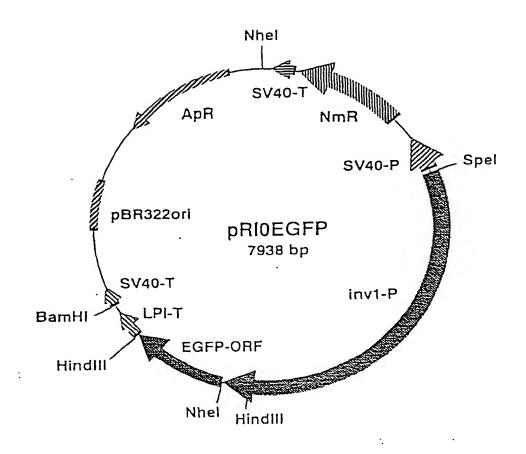


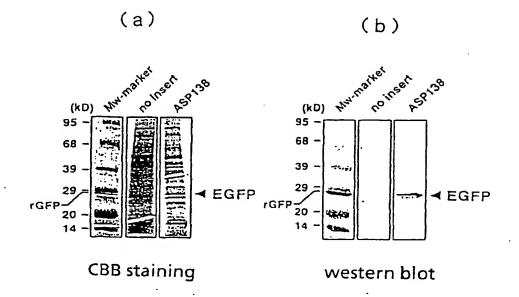


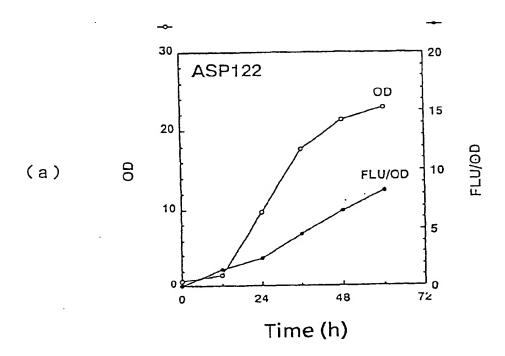
Glucose concentration (%)

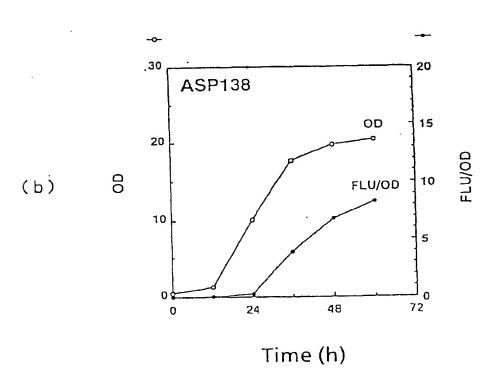


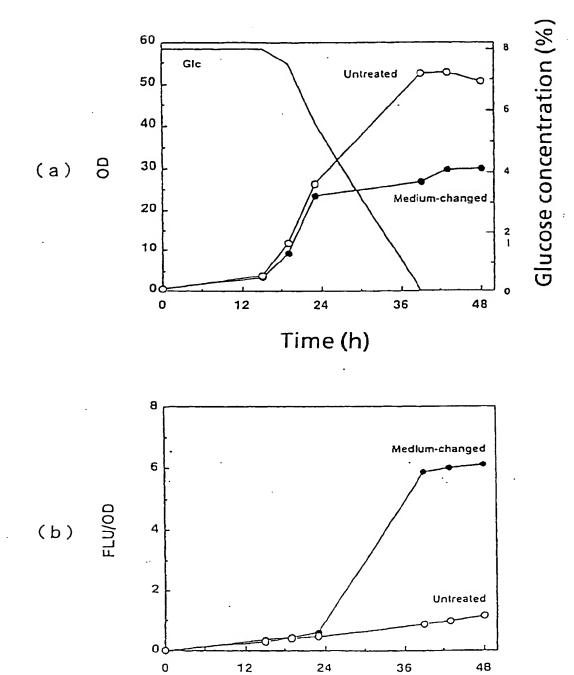




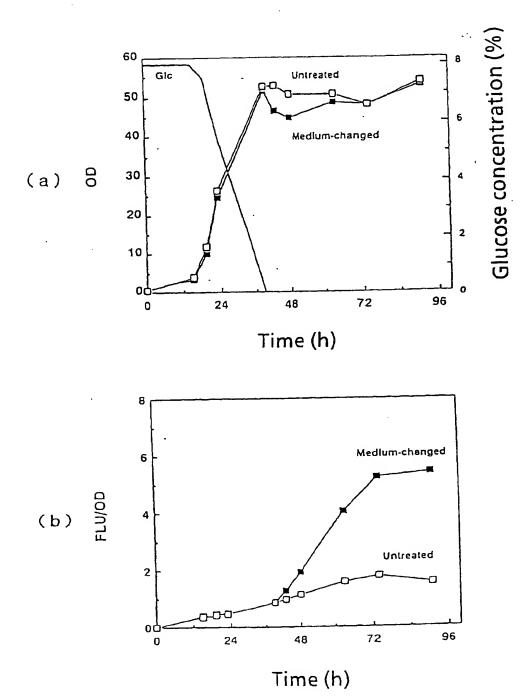


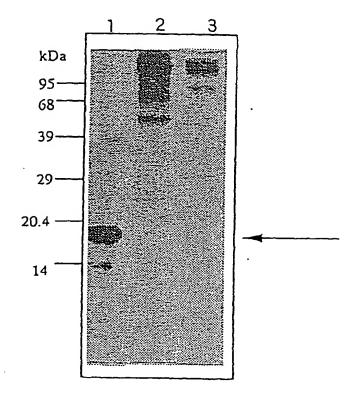




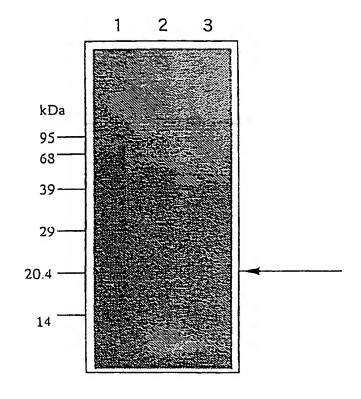


Time (h)





F I G . 16





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(11) EP 1 223 219 A3

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

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- (71) Applicant: ASAHI GLASS COMPANY LTD. Tokyo 100-8405 (JP)

(51) Int CI.7: **C12N 15/31**, C07K 14/39, C12N 15/81, C12N 1/19, C12P 21/02 // (C12N15/31, C12R1:645), (C12N1/19, C12R1:645)

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- (54) Inducible promoter and secretion signal for use in schizosaccharomyces pombe, expression vector containing them and their use

(57) The present invention relates to an inducible promoter gene for use in the fission yeast <u>Schizosaccharomyces pombe</u>, an inducible expression vector containing the inducible promoter gene, <u>Schizosaccharomyces pombe</u> transformed with the inducible expression vector and a process for producing a heterologous protein by using the <u>Schizosaccharomyces pombe</u> transformant.

The present invention also relates to a secretion signal gene for use in Schizosaccharomyces pombe, an expression vector containing the secretion signal, Schizosaccharomyces pombe transformed with the expression vector and a process for producing a heterologous protein by using the Schizosaccharomyces pombe transformant. These inducible promoter gene and secretion signal gene are originated from the S. pombe gene involved in expression of the invertase precursor.

The inducible promoter gene is originated from the region responsible for the catabolite repression of the

invertase precursor. When a <u>Schizosaccharomyces</u> pombe transformant carrying the inducible expression vector is incubated, the timing of the production of the desired heterologous protein can be controlled by regulating the expression of the heterologous protein structural gene depending on the presence or absence of a specific nutrient (especially glucose).

The secretion signal gene encodes the secretion signal for the invertase precursor. When a Schizosaccharomyces pombe transformant carrying an expression vector containing the secretion signal gene is incubated, a heterologous protein fused with the secretion signal is synthesized as a precursory protein in the cell, and after intracellular separation of the secretion signal, the heterologous protein is secreted from the cell. Therefore, it is possible to obtain the desired protein from the cell culture, and the desired heterologous protein can be purified easily.



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 02 00 4252

	Citation of document with Inc	RED TO BE RELEVANT sication, where appropriate,	Relevant	CLASSIFICATION OF THE
Category	of relevant passa		to claim	APPLICATION (InLCI.7)
X	MORENO S ET AL: "PL CHARACTERIZATION OF SCHIZOSACCHAROMYCES BIOCHEMICAL JOURNAL, LONDON, GB, vol. 267, 1990, page ISSN: 0264-6021 * the whole document	1-7	C12N15/31 C07K14/39 C12N15/81 C12N1/19 C12P21/02 //(C12N15/31, C12R1:645), (C12N1/19, C12R1:645)	
X	DATABASE EMBL 'Onl' 3 January 1997 (1997 YOSHIOKA, S.: "Schiz mRNA, partial cds, of retrieved from EBI Database accession of XP002169853 * abstract *	7-01-03) zosaccharomyces pombe clone: SY 1543"	1-7	
P,X	TANAKA N ET AL: "I'CHARACTERIZATION OF REPRESSOR GENES FROM POMBE" BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOCOMMUNICATIONS, ACAIORLANDO, FL, US, vol. 245, no. 1, Appages 246-253, XPOOISSN: 0006-291X * page 246, right-h paragraph * * figure 1 *	AN INVERTASE AND ITS M SCHIZOSACCHAROMYCES PHYSICAL RESEARCH DEMIC PRESS INC. ril 1998 (1998-04), 2917398	1-7	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.CI.7) C12N C07K
	The present search report has	been drawn up for all claims		
 -	Place of search	Date of completion of the search		Examiner
	THE HAGUE	28 August 2002	Sc	hmitz, T
Y:pa dk A:te O:n	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS articularly relevant if taken alone articularly relevant if combined with and ocument of the same category ichnological background on-written disclosure itermediate document	ther D: document clied L: document clied	ocument, but pu ate I in the application for other reason	blished on, or on



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 02 00 4252

	DOCUMENTS CONSID	ERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category	Citation of document with of relevant pas	ndication, where appropriate, sages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.CI.7)
A	EXPRESSION AND SECR YEAST SACCHAROMYCES AGRICULTURAL AND BI vol. 51, no. 2, 198 XP002168488 ISSN: 0002-1369 * page 517, right-h paragraph - page 51 paragraph 2 * * figure 1 *	OLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, 37, pages 515-521, nand column, last 8, left-hand column, and column, paragraph 3		
A	ANALYSIS OF THE INV THE YEAST PICHIA AN CURRENT GENETICS, N	EW YORK, NY, US, s 234-240, XP002917395		TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Ci.7)
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	The present search report has t	peen drawn up for all claims	Ì	
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search		Examiner
	THE HAGUE	28 August 2002	Schm	nitz, T
X : partk Y : partk docur A : techn	LITEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS cularly relevant if taken alone cularly relevant if combined with anoliment of the same category lological background written disclosure	T : theory or principle u E : earlier patent docur after the filing date D : document cled in it L : document cad for u 8 : member of the sam	inderlying the in ment, but publish the application other reasons	vention hed on, or

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